FLIR MODEL CM275

Imaging Clamp Meter with IGM™ and Bluetooth®
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1. Advisories

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The Quality Management System under which these products are developed and manufactured has been certified in accordance with the ISO 9001 standard. FLIR Systems is committed to a policy of continuous development; therefore, we reserve the right to make changes and improvements on any of the products without prior notice.

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To access the latest manuals and notifications, go to the Download tab at: http://support.flir.com. It only takes a few minutes to register online. In the download area you will also find the latest releases of manuals for our other products, as well as manuals for our historical and obsolete products.

1.4 Disposal of Electronic Waste
As with most electronic products, this equipment must be disposed of in an environmentally friendly way, and in accordance with existing regulations for electronic waste. Please contact your FLIR Systems representative for more details.
2. Safety

Safety Notes

- Before operating the device, you must read, understand, and follow all instructions, dangers, warnings, cautions, and notes.
- FLIR Systems reserves the right to discontinue models, parts or accessories, and other items, or to change specifications at any time without prior notice.
- Remove the batteries if the device is to be stored for an extended period.

⚠️ Warning Statements

- Do not operate the device if you do not have the correct knowledge. Incorrect operation of the device can cause damage, shock, injury or death to persons.
- Do not start a measuring procedure before you have set the function switch to the correct position. Failure to do so can cause damage to the instrument and can cause injury to persons.
- Do not change to the resistance mode when measuring voltage. This can cause damage to the instrument and can cause injury to persons.
- Do not measure the current on a circuit when the voltage increases to more than 1000 V. This can cause damage to the instrument and can cause injury to persons.
- You must disconnect the test leads from the circuit under test before you change the range. Failure to observe this warning can damage the instrument and cause bodily injury.
- Do not replace the batteries before you remove the test leads. This can cause damage to the instrument and can cause injury to persons.
- Do not use the device if the test leads and/or the device show signs of damage. Injury to persons can occur.
- Be careful performing measurements if the voltages are > 25 VAC rms or 35 VDC. There is a risk of shock from these voltages. Injury to persons can occur.
- Do not do diode, resistance or continuity tests before you have removed the power from capacitors and other devices under test. Injury to persons can occur.
- Be careful when performing voltage checks on electrical outlets. These checks are difficult because of the uncertainty of the connection to the recessed electrical contacts. You must not rely solely on this device when determining if the terminals are not “live”. There is a risk of electrical shock. Injury to person can occur.
- Do not touch expired/damaged batteries without gloves. Injury to persons can occur.
- Do not cause a short circuit of the batteries. This can cause damage to the instrument and can cause injury to persons.
- Do not put the batteries into a fire. Injury to persons can occur.
- Use extreme caution when the laser pointer is on.
- Do not point the beam toward anyone’s eye or allow the beam to strike the eye from a reflective surface.
- Do not use the laser near explosive gases or in other potentially explosive areas.
- Refer to the CAUTION statement label (shown below) for critical safety information.
Cautions
Do not use the device in a manner not specified by the manufacturer. This can cause damage to the protection provided.

| ![Warning Symbol] | This symbol, adjacent to another symbol or terminal, indicates that the user must refer to the user manual for further information. |
| ![Caution Symbol] | This symbol, adjacent to a terminal, indicates that, under normal use, hazardous voltages may be present. |
| ![Double Insulation] | Double insulation. |

UL listing is not an indication or a verification of the accuracy of the meter.
3. Introduction

Thank you for selecting the FLIR CM275 Imaging Clamp meter with IGM™ (Infrared Guided Measurement) and Bluetooth®. The CM275 is a True RMS 600A AC/DC clamp meter with a radiometric Lepton Thermal Imaging system, integrated VFD Mode, Inrush Current capture, a Lo Z mode for eliminating ‘ghost’ voltages, Bluetooth® communications capabilities, and many others as listed in the Key Features section below. This device is shipped fully tested and calibrated and, with proper use, will provide years of reliable service.

3.1 Key Features

- 6000 count digital TFT display with bargraph
- Built-in Infrared Imager with gallery mode for storing, viewing, and transmitting images via Bluetooth®
- Capture fully radiometric thermal images where a temperature measurement is saved for each display pixel
- Imager features Laser pointer, cross hairs targeting, and an intuitive menu system
- High power work lights built-in
- Auto Range True RMS AC/DC 600 A capability
- Auto Range True RMS AC/DC 1000 V capability
- Frequency AC bandwidth (45-400Hz)
- Frequency Measurements to 60KHz
- Flex clamp adaptor input for FLIR TA72_TA74 and other clamp adaptors
- Input over-voltage warning
- Automatic Datalogger memory (40,000 readings over 10 sets) with selectable sample rate and Bluetooth® transmission capability
- Resistance and Continuity measurements
- Capacitance and Diode measurements
- Data HOLD
- Inrush current
- DCA zero function
- Low Z (Impedance) mode
- Minimum/Maximum memory
- Integrated VFD mode (Low-pass filter)
- Auto power off (can be disabled or preset to 1, 2, 5, or 10 minutes)
- Jaw opening 35mm (1.38”)
- Easy-access battery cover mechanism
- Optional FLIR TA04 battery charging system
- Micro USB port (battery compartment) for transferring images/data logs to PC; operates similarly to a conventional thumb drive
- Safety Category Rating: CAT IV-600V, CAT III-1000V
- Equipped with batteries, test leads, carry pouch, and Quick Start booklet.
4. Meter Description

4.1 Front and Back Meter Descriptions

1. Jaw opening trigger
2. Navigation Pad/OK button
3. MODE button
4. RANGE button
5. Data Hold (short press)/Work Light (long press)
6. Rotary function switch
7. COM (negative -) Probe Input jack
8. Positive (+) Probe Input jack
9. Image Save button (short press)
10. Return/Exit button
11. IGM™ button (short press)
12. Color TFT Display
13. Clamp jaw
14. Work lights
15. Laser pointer lens
16. Thermal Imaging lens
17. Tripod mount
18. Battery compartment (micro USB port)
19. Battery compartment lock/unlock
4.2 Function Switch Positions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function Switch Positions</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="" alt="Switch" /></td>
<td>Select this position when connecting a FLIR Flex Clamp Adaptor. See Section 9.9, Clamp Adaptor (FLEX) Current and Frequency Measurements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="" alt="LoZ" /></td>
<td>Select this position to measure in the low impedance mode. See Section 9.11, Voltage, Lo Z, and Frequency Measurements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="" alt="OFF" /></td>
<td>Switch the meter OFF (full power saving mode).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="" alt="V" /></td>
<td>Measure AC/DC Voltage through the probe inputs. See Section 9.11, Voltage, Lo Z, and Frequency Measurements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="" alt="Ω" /></td>
<td>Measure resistance and continuity through the probe inputs. See Section 9.12, Resistance Measurements and Section 9.13, Continuity Test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="" alt="H" /></td>
<td>Measure capacitance and diode through the probe inputs. See Section 9.16, Capacitance Measurements, Section 9.14, Classic Diode Test, or Section 9.15, Smart Diode Test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="" alt="A" /></td>
<td>Measure AC/DC current through the clamp jaws. See Section 9.8, Current and Frequency Measurements</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.3 Function Buttons and Selector/Navigation Pad

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function Button</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="" alt="MODE" /></td>
<td>Use to select a sub-function of the primary function. See Section 4.3.1, MODE Button Operation, for details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="" alt="RANGE" /></td>
<td>From Auto range mode, short press to select Manual range mode. From Manual range mode, short press to change the range (scale). Long press to return to Auto range mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="" alt="" /></td>
<td>Short press to activate/deactivate the Thermal Imager</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="" alt="" /></td>
<td>Use the Navigation pad to enable/navigate menu options</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="" alt="←" /></td>
<td>Press to return from a menu screen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="" alt="H" /></td>
<td>Short press to enter/exit the Hold mode. Long press to switch work lights on/off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="" alt="" /></td>
<td>Short press to save a fully radiometric thermal image or a clamp meter display screen. Images are saved to the device’s file system accessible in Gallery mode. The thermal imager must be fully initialized (indicated by display of IR temperature measurement) before radiometric data can be captured.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4.3.1 MODE Button Sequence of Operations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rotary Switch Position</th>
<th>Mode Button Sequence of Operations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>🌋</td>
<td>ACA &gt; Frequency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LoZ</td>
<td>ACV &gt; DCV &gt; Frequency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V</td>
<td>ACV &gt; DCV &gt; Frequency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ω</td>
<td>Resistance &lt; &gt; Continuity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Capacitance &lt; &gt; Diode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>А</td>
<td>ACA &gt; DCA &gt; Frequency</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.3.2 Navigation Pad/OK Button

There are five (5) buttons arranged in a square that make up the Navigation pad, as shown in Fig. 4-3.

![Fig. 4-3 Navigation Pad](image)

OK button (center): Open the menu and select/change menu options
LEFT/RIGHT buttons: Navigate the menu system
UP/DOWN buttons: Navigate the menu system

4.4 Status Bar Display Icons

The Status Bar is located at the top right of the display.

![Fig. 4-4 Status Bar Display Icons](image)

- L to R, row 1: Datalogger, Data Hold, Auto Range, Laser, Work Light, Bluetooth®, APO, and Battery status
- L to R, row 2: Inrush current, DCA Zero, Flex Clamp icon and range, VFD, and Low Impedance mode
- Note that Diode and Continuity symbols also appear in the Status bar area of the display.
### 4.5 Other Display Icons

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Icon</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>🔼</td>
<td>MAX (Maximum) reading</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>┼</td>
<td>MIN (Minimum) reading</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>°C, °F</td>
<td>Temperature units</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ε</td>
<td>Emissivity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>≃</td>
<td>AC current or voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⚡</td>
<td>DC current or voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⚡</td>
<td>Continuity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ω</td>
<td>Resistance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>♂</td>
<td>Diode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V</td>
<td>Voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Current (Amperes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>Farad (for Capacitance)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hz</td>
<td>Hertz (Frequency)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>k</td>
<td>$10^3$ (kilo)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>m</td>
<td>$10^{-3}$ (milli)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>μ</td>
<td>$10^{-6}$ (micro)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OL</td>
<td>Out of Range warning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⬡</td>
<td>Bar Graph</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>▲</td>
<td>Bar Graph overload indicator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🔴</td>
<td>Meter is measuring voltage &gt; 30 V (AC or DC)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5. **Meter Power**

5.1 **Powering the Meter**

1. Set the function switch to any position to switch on the meter.

2. If the battery indicator \(\text{\textcopyright}\) shows that the battery voltage is low, if one of the Low Battery screens appears (Fig. 5-1), or if the meter does not power on, replace the three (3) ‘AA’ batteries. See Section 12.2, *Battery Replacement*. If using the Model TA04 charging system, please recharge the rechargeable battery.

![Low Battery Alerts](image1.png)

**FIG. 5-1 Low Battery Alerts**

5.2 **Auto Power OFF (APO)**

The meter enters sleep mode after a programmable period of inactivity, to customize this setting please see Section 7.1.2, *APO (Auto Power OFF)*. The default time-out is 10 minutes. The time can be set to 1, 2, 5, or 10 minutes (select OFF to disable the APO). 20 seconds prior to entering APO mode, the meter beeps; at this point, press any button or turn the Rotary Switch to reset the APO timer.

5.3 **Battery Type Selection**

The user must enter the battery type (Lithium or Alkaline) in the General Settings menu before use. This allows the meter to display battery status as accurately as possible. Refer to Section 7.1.5, *Battery Selection*. 
6. Menu System

6.1 Using the Menu System

- Press OK to open the main menu, shown below:

![Main Menu](Fig. 6-1)

- Use the Navigation Pad left/right arrows to highlight an icon. From left to right the icons are Image Mode, Thermal Settings, Gallery (for viewing stored images and data logs), Advanced Menu, and General Settings.
- Press OK to open a menu or to set an option ON or OFF. When an option is ON a blue dot will appear next its icon. In some cases, use the navigation arrows to select an option.
- Use the Return button to exit menu levels and to return to the normal display mode.
- The mode of the meter dictates what icons are available for use.

6.2 Main Menu Options

6.2.1 Image Mode

This Image mode icon is only available in the thermal imaging mode. The Image mode has two options:

- **Image + Clamp** mode (default): Display will show Clamp meter data on the thermal images while in the thermal imaging mode.
- **Image-only** mode: Display shows thermal image data only in the thermal imaging mode.

Press OK on the Image mode icon to open the menu and use the arrow buttons to select the desired option.

6.2.2 Thermal Settings Menu

Press OK at the Thermal Settings icon to access the following options: Color Palette, Emissivity, Temperature units, Laser pointer ON/OFF, and Cross hairs ON/OFF. Refer to Section 8.3, Thermal Settings Menu (Color Palette, Emissivity, Temperature Units, Laser Pointer, and Crosshairs) for detailed information.

![Thermal Settings Menu](Fig. 6-2)
6.2.3 Gallery Mode
In Gallery mode, view stored images and logged readings.

- Press OK at the Gallery icon. The display will show rows of stored images on the lower area of the display and data logs on the upper area.
- Use the up/down arrows to step between image and reading log areas.
- Use the left/right arrows to scroll through data logs or images.
- Press OK to open a reading log or an image.
- Press OK again on an image to bring up icons that will permit you to delete the image, transmit the image via Bluetooth®, and to resize the image to full screen.
- Press OK again on a data log set to bring up icons that permit you to delete the log or to transmit the log via Bluetooth®.
- Note that there is a micro USB port located in the battery compartment that allows you to transfer data logs and images directly to your PC. When connected to a PC, use the meter’s internal memory as you would a standard external storage drive.
- For More detailed information, see Section 7.1.9, Delete all Datalogger Readings, Section 7.1.10, Delete all Stored Images, Section 8.5, Image Capture, and Section 9.7, Datalogger

6.2.4 Advanced Functions Menu
Press OK at the Advanced Functions Menu icon to access the functions listed below. Highlight a function using the arrow buttons and then press OK to activate it. Refer to the dedicated section for each as listed below for detailed information:

- VFD (low pass filter), see Section 9.4, VFD mode
- MAX-MIN Readings, Section 9.5, MAX-MIN mode
- Inrush Current, Section 9.10, Inrush Current mode
- DCA Zero, Section 9.6, DCA mode
- Datalogger, Section 9.7, Datalogger

6.2.5 General Settings Menu
1. Press OK to open the main menu.
2. Press OK at the General Settings icon to access the options.
3. See next section for detailed information on the General Settings mode
7. General Settings

7.1 General Settings Navigation

Under General Settings, the user can customize a variety of features.

1. Press OK to open the Main Menu
2. Scroll to the icon and press OK to open the Settings menu (see Fig. 7-1)
3. Press OK on a menu item and customize the item per the table below
4. Use the button to exit screens and to return to the normal mode
5. A blue dot next to an option indicates that an option is ON

![Fig. 7-1 General Settings Menu]

7.1.1 Diode SMART/CLASSIC

Press OK to toggle SMART/CLASSIC diode modes

7.1.2 APO (Auto Power OFF)

Press OK to open the sub-menu. Scroll to OFF, 1, 2, 5, or 10 minutes for the Auto Power OFF timer and press OK to select. Press to exit the menu

7.1.3 Datalogger Sample Rate

Press OK to access the selector. Use the arrow buttons to select the desired datalogger sampling rate from 1 ~ 99 seconds. Press OK to confirm

7.1.4 Real-time Clock

Press OK to open the date/time setting screen. Use the arrow buttons to scroll through the date and time fields and to select the current date and time. Press OK to confirm
7.1.5 Battery Selection
Press OK to toggle LITHIUM AA and ALKALINE AA battery types. Select the battery type in use.

7.1.6 Bluetooth® ON/OFF
Press OK to toggle Bluetooth® ON/OFF (default is ON). Refer to Section 10, Bluetooth®

7.1.7 Button-press tone ON/OFF
Press OK to toggle the button-press tone ON/OFF

7.1.8 Language selection
Press OK to open the menu. Scroll to the desired language and press OK. Press ▷ to exit

7.1.9 Delete all Datalogger readings
Press OK to delete all datalogger records. The meter will ask for confirmation

7.1.10 Delete all Stored Images
Press OK to delete all saved images. The meter will ask for confirmation

7.1.11 View HELP Screen
Press OK to view FLIR support contact information

7.1.12 Viewing meter component information
Press OK to view meter component firmware version information and Laser data:
- Meter firmware version
- Lepton® camera interface firmware version
- Bluetooth® firmware version
- Laser data
8. Thermal Imaging

8.1 Thermal Imager Basics

In the Thermal Imaging mode, the user can measure a targeted surface’s temperature by detecting the energy emitted by the surface under test. Color variations reflect temperature variations. See Section 11.3, Infrared Energy and Thermal Imaging Overview for in-depth information. The laser pointer and display cross hairs assist in targeting.

Press the IGM button to open the Thermal Imager. In Fig 8-1 the meter is set to color palette IRON. Select other palettes in the Thermal Settings Menu (refer to Section 8.3, Thermal Settings Menu).

Fig. 8-1 Thermal Image Example

1. **IR Temperature measurement** represents the temperature of the spot sensed. Note that while the imager initializes, dashes will display.

2. **Status Icon Bar**

3. Clamp Meter **Measurement displays**

4. **Cross hairs** for targeting spots

5. **Thermal image**

6. **Main Menu**

7. **Lowest reading** measured in the current frame

8. **Thermal scale** shows the range of colors for the thermal image. The lighter the color, the warmer the temperature; the darker the color, the cooler the temperature.

9. **Highest reading** measured in the current frame.

Note: Use the Thermal Settings Menu to change the emissivity; refer to Section 8.3, Thermal Settings Menu. See also Section 11.1, Emissivity Factors for Common Materials.
8.2 Thermal Imager Operation

To customize the Thermal Imager, refer to Section 8.3, Thermal Settings Menu. For basic operation, follow these steps:

1. Set the function switch to any position.
2. Press the IGM button to switch the Thermal Imager ON. Point the thermal imaging lens (back of meter) toward an area to test.
3. The display will show the temperature in the upper left hand corner for the targeted area.
4. In the Thermal Imaging mode, use the laser pointer and display cross hairs for targeting. These can be switched ON or OFF in the Thermal Settings Menu.
5. In the Thermal imaging mode, the meter continues to operate normally as a Clamp Meter. Note that in the Thermal Imaging mode, view clamp measurements and function on the left side of the display. If desired, the meter can be set to image-only mode in the Image Mode menu, see Section 8.4, Image Mode Menu.
6. The Distance to Spot ratio for the imager is 30:1 meaning that the measurement spot is 30 times smaller than the distance from meter to spot (at a distance of 30”, the meter ‘sees’ a target spot of 1”). See Fig. 8-2.
7. The thermal imager’s FOV (Field of View) is 44 degrees (vertical) and 57 degrees (horizontal) see Fig. 8-3 (a) and (b).

Fig. 8-2 Distance-to-Spot ratio 30:1
8.3 Thermal Settings Menu (Color Palette, Emissivity, Temperature Units, Laser Pointer, Crosshairs)

1. Press OK to open the main menu
2. Scroll to the Thermal Settings icon and press OK
3. Refer to the Thermal Settings screenshot and details below

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Icon</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Use</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>🔧</td>
<td>Color Palette</td>
<td>Press OK to step through the display color palettes (Iron, Rainbow, or Gray).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☢</td>
<td>Emissivity</td>
<td>Press OK and then use up/down arrows to scroll to a preset (0.95, 0.85, 0.75, or 0.65) or to the fine tuning ☢ icon. To fine tune, press OK at the fine tuning icon and use the arrow buttons to set the value, press OK to confirm. The available range is 0.10 to 0.99 in 0.01 steps.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>℃/℉</td>
<td>Temp. units</td>
<td>Press OK to toggle the temperature units (°C/°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🔴</td>
<td>Laser pointer</td>
<td>Press OK to toggle the laser pointer ON (blue circle) or OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐</td>
<td>Cross hairs</td>
<td>Press OK to switch the cross hairs ON or OFF</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.4 Image Mode Menu

The Image Mode menu allows you to select:

**Image + Clamp** mode where you can view Clamp meter data superimposed on the thermal images or:

**Image-only** mode where Clamp meter measurements are removed from the thermal images.

8.5 Image Capture

Short press the Display Save button to store a displayed, fully radiometric, thermal image (or a clamp meter screen) to the meter’s internal memory. Up to 100 images can be stored.

Saved thermal images are fully radiometric (each pixel includes temperature measurement data). Note that the imager must be fully initialized (indicated by display of IR temperature measurement instead of dashes) before radiometric data can be captured. To view radiometric data within captured thermal images, copy the images to a PC and view using FLIR Tools.

To view stored images:
1. Press OK to open the Main Menu
2. Press OK at the Gallery icon
3. Use the left/right arrow buttons to scroll through the images (note that the datalogging records are located here also, on the upper display area)
4. Press OK to open a selected image
5. Press OK to open a menu permitting recycling of image, full-screen sizing, and transmission of image via Bluetooth®
6. Use the RETURN button to exit screens and to return to the normal operating mode

8.6 Image Freeze (Data Hold)

In Data Hold mode, the displayed reading or thermal image is frozen. To enter/exit Data Hold mode, press the button. In Hold mode, the indicator appears.
9. Clamp Meter Operation

**Caution**: Before operating the device, you must read, understand, and follow all instructions, dangers, warnings, cautions, and notes.

**Caution**: When the meter is not in use, the function switch should be set to the OFF position.

**Caution**: When connecting the probe leads to the device under test, connect the COM (negative) lead before connecting the positive lead. When removing the probe leads, remove the positive lead before removing the COM (negative) lead.

9.1 Auto/Manual Range Mode
In Auto range mode, the meter automatically selects the most appropriate measurement scale. In Manual range mode, the desired range (scale) can be adjusted by the user. Auto range mode is the default mode of operation. When a new function is selected with the function switch, the starting mode is Auto range and the Auto Range indicator is displayed.

1. To enter Manual range mode, short press the RANGE button. To change the range, press the RANGE button repeatedly until the desired range is displayed.
2. To return to the Auto range mode, long press the RANGE button until the Auto Range indicator is again displayed.

9.2 Out-of-range Warning (OL)
If the input is over/under the full-scale range in Manual range mode, or if the signal has exceeded the maximum/minimum input in Auto range mode, ‘OL’ is displayed.

9.3 Data Hold
In Data Hold mode, the displayed reading or thermal image is frozen. To enter/exit Data Hold mode, press the HOLD button. In Hold mode, the HOLD indicator is displayed.

9.4 VFD Mode (Low Pass Filter)
The VFD (variable-frequency drive) utility eliminates high-frequency noise from AC measurements with a low-pass filter. VFD mode is available when measuring AC voltage or AC current.

1. Press OK to access the main menu
2. Press OK at the Advanced Menu icon 
3. Press OK at the VFD icon 
4. The blue dot next to the icon and the VFD display icon will appear
5. De-select the VFD mode by pressing OK again. The blue dot and VFD display icon will switch OFF when de-selected
9.5 MAX-MIN Mode
The meter captures and displays the maximum and minimum readings, updating only when a higher/lower value is registered.

1. Press OK to access the main menu
2. Press OK at the Advanced Menu icon
3. Press OK at the MAX-MIN icon to show Maximum and Minimum readings.

9.6 DCA Zero Mode
The DC zero feature removes offset values and improves DC Current accuracy. Before executing the steps below, set the clamp meter to the DC Current measurement mode (see Section 9.8, Current and Frequency Measurements).

Note that this feature cannot correct for errors greater than 20A.

1. Press OK to access the main menu
2. Press OK at the Advanced Menu icon
3. Press OK at the icon, the display will zero and the DCA icon will appear.

9.7 Datalogger
Log up to 40,000 total readings over ten memory ‘sets’. Each time the datalogger is started a new memory set is opened and the previous one is archived.

To start logging:
1. Press OK to access the main menu
2. Press OK at the Advanced Menu icon
3. Press OK at the icon to begin storing readings at the sample rate selected in the General Settings menu, see Section 7.1.3, Datalogger Sample Rate. The datalogger display icon will appear while the logger is running.

To stop logging:
1. Press OK to access the main menu
2. Press OK at the Advanced Menu icon
3. Press OK at the icon to stop. The datalogger display icon will switch off.

To view logs:
1. Press OK to access the Main menu
2. Press OK at the Gallery icon
3. Use the up arrow to move the cursor up to the log area of the display (the lower area is for saved images). Scroll left/right to a data ‘set’ and press OK to open it. The list of recorded measurements for the set will appear.
To delete datalog sets:
1. With a datalog set open, press **OK**. Two icons will appear on the bottom of the display, one for transmitting data and one for deleting.
2. Scroll to the Trash icon and press **OK** to delete all of the readings in the selected set.
3. To delete ALL datalog sets at once, see Section 7.1.9, *Delete All Datalog Readings*.

To transmit a datalog set via Bluetooth®:
1. Transmit data logs to a remote device running the FLIR Tools software suite. Refer to Section 10, *Bluetooth® Communication* for more information.
2. With a datalog ‘set’ open, press **OK**. Two icons will appear on the bottom of the display (for transmitting or deleting).
3. Scroll to the transmission icon and press **OK** to begin transmitting all of the readings in the selected set.
4. Note that a micro USB port is located in the battery compartment. When connected to a PC the CM275 operates in the same manner as an external storage medium where you can drag and drop data logs and images from the meter’s internal memory to a PC.
9.8 Current and Frequency Measurements

⚠️ WARNING Do not measure the current on a circuit when the voltage increases to more than 1000V. This can cause damage to the instrument and can cause injury to persons.

When measuring current, the jaws should enclose one conductor only—refer to Fig. 9-1.

![Correct (left image) and incorrect (right image)](image)

**Fig. 9.1** Correct (left image) and incorrect (right image)

1. Disconnect the probe leads from the meter.
2. Set the function switch to the **A** position.
3. Select AC or DC using the **MODE** button. If measuring DC Current be sure to ZERO the display per Section 9.6, **DCA Zero Mode**.
4. To manually select the measurement range (scale), press the **RANGE** button repeatedly. Refer to Section 9.1, **Auto/Manual range mode**.
5. Press the trigger to open the clamp jaws. Fully enclose one conductor—refer to Fig. 9.2. For optimum results, center the conductor in the jaws.
6. Read the current value on the display.
7. To see the Frequency measurement for an AC Current measurement use the **MODE** button to step to the Hz display.
8. For VFD mode operation refer to Section 9.4, **VFD Mode**.
9. For MAX-MIN operation, refer to Section 9.5, **MAX-MIN Mode**.
9.9 Clamp Adaptor (FLEX) Current and Frequency Measurements

**WARNING** Do not measure the current on a circuit when the voltage increases to more than 1000V. This can cause damage to the instrument and can cause injury to persons.

FLIR Flex Clamp Adaptors (Models TA72 and TA74, for example) and other clamp adaptors can connect to the CM275 to display current measurements.

Note: When measuring current, enclose only one conductor with the jaws.

1. Turn the function dial to the position.
2. Connect a Clamp adaptor as shown in Fig. 9-2.
3. Set the Range of the Flex Clamp Adaptor to match the range of the CM275.
4. Use the **RANGE** button to select the range of the CM275 (1, 10, 100 mV/A). The selected range appears on the CM275 display.
5. Operate the Flex Clamp per instructions provided with the Flex Clamp meter.
6. Read the current measured by the Flex Clamp on the CM275 LCD. Short press the **MODE** button to view the frequency (Hz).

Fig. 9-2 FLEX Clamp Application
9.10 Inrush Current Measurements

In Inrush Current mode, the meter displays the AC RMS current reading in the first 100ms period after the trigger point (current detection threshold) is reached, see Fig. 9-3 below.

**For the FLEX Current function:**
- Current detection threshold is 0.5A for 30.00A
- Current detection threshold is 5A for 300.0A
- Current detection threshold is 50A for 3000A

**For CLAMP Current function:**
- Current detection threshold is 0.5A for 60.00A
- Current detection threshold is 5A for 600.0A

Inrush current mode is available when measuring AC current.

1. Press **OK** to access the main menu
2. Press **OK** at the Advanced Menu icon
3. Press **OK** at the Inrush Current icon, the Inrush display icon will appear
4. Connect the meter to the unpowered circuit under test
5. Set the meter to the **A** position
6. Turn on the power to the circuit under test
7. When it reaches the threshold, the meter will display the RMS reading for the 100ms integration time.

![Fig. 9-3 Inrush Current](image-url)
9.11 Voltage, Lo Z, and Frequency Measurements

**Warning:** If the measured voltage is > 30 V DC or AC RMS, the indicator is displayed.

1. Set the function switch to one of the following positions:
   - Voltage AC/DC measurements.
   - Voltage AC/DC measurements with a low impedance circuit, eliminating ghost voltages. The impedance is approx. 2.5kΩ. The LoZ indicator appears in this mode.

2. Insert the black probe lead into the negative COM terminal and the red probe lead into the positive terminal. Refer to Fig. 9-4 below.

3. Use the **MODE** button to select AC or DC measurement.
   - The indicator appears for AC measurements.
   - The indicator appears for DC measurements.

4. Connect the probe leads in parallel to the part under test.

5. Read the voltage value on the display.

6. To view the frequency (Hz) of the measured voltage, short press the **MODE** button until the Hz reading appears.

7. For VFD mode operation refer to **Section 9.4, VFD Mode**.

8. For MAX-MIN operation, refer to **Section 9.5, MAX-MIN Mode**.

---

**Fig. 9-4 Voltage and Frequency Measurements**
9.12 Resistance Measurements

**Warning:** Do not perform diode, resistance or continuity tests before removing power from capacitors and other devices under test during a measurement. Injury to persons can occur.

1. Refer to Fig. 9-5. Set the function switch to the Ω • symbol position.
2. Use the MODE button to step to the kΩ display if necessary.
3. Insert the black probe lead into the negative COM terminal and the red probe lead into the positive Ω terminal.
4. Touch the tips of the probe across the circuit or component under test.
5. Read the resistance value on the display.
6. For MAX-MIN operation, refer to Section 9.5, MAX-MIN Mode.

![Fig. 9-5 Resistance and Continuity Measurements](image)

9.13 Continuity Test

**Warning:** Do not perform diode, resistance or continuity tests before removing the power from capacitors and other devices under test during a measurement. Injury to persons can occur.

1. Refer to Fig. 9-5. Set the function switch to the Ω • symbol position.
2. Use the MODE button to select continuity. The • symbol indicator will appear.
3. Insert the black probe lead into the negative COM terminal and the red probe lead into the positive terminal.
4. Touch the tips of the probe across the circuit or component under test.
5. If the resistance is < 30Ω the meter beeps. If the resistance is > 150Ω the meter will not beep. > 30Ω but < 150Ω the beeping will stop at an unspecified point.

9.14 Classic Diode Test

**Warning:** Do not perform diode tests before removing the power to the diode or other devices under test during a measurement. Injury to persons can occur.

1. If not already selected, choose CLASSIC Diode test mode in the General Settings menu ([Section 7.1.1, Diode Smart/Classic](#)).
2. Set the function switch to the diode position. Use the button to select the diode function. The diode indicator will appear.
3. Insert the black probe lead into the negative COM terminal and the red probe lead into the positive terminal.
4. Touch the tips of the probe across the diode or semiconductor junction in one polarity (direction) and then in the opposite polarity as shown in **Fig. 9-6**.
5. If the reading is between 0.400 and 0.800V in one direction and OL (overload) in the opposite direction, the component is good. If the measurement is 0V in both directions (shorted) or OL in both directions (open), the component is bad.

![Fig. 9-6 Classic Diode Test](#)
### 9.15 Smart Diode Test

**Warning:** Do not perform diode tests before removing the power from capacitors and other devices under test during a measurement. Injury to persons can occur.

1. If not already selected, choose SMART Diode test mode in the General Settings menu ([Section 7.1.1, Diode Smart/Classic](#)).
2. Set the function switch to the diode position. Use the button to select the diode test function. The diode indicator will appear.
3. Insert the black probe lead into the negative COM terminal and the red probe lead into the positive Ω terminal. Refer to Fig. 9-6 above.
4. Touch the tips of the probe across the diode or semiconductor junction under test.
5. If the reading is between ± 0.400 ~ 0.800V, the component is good; BAD or O.L displays indicate a defective component.

**NOTES:** In SMART Diode mode the meter checks diodes using an alternating test signal sent through the diode in both directions. This allows the user to check the diode without having to reverse polarity manually. The meter display will show ± 0.400 ~ 0.800V for a good diode, ‘BAD’ for a shorted diode, and ‘O.L’ for an opened diode. See Fig. 9-7 below:

![Fig. 9-7 SMART Diode Test](image)

---

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9.16 Capacitance Measurements

**Warning:** Do not perform capacitance tests before removing power to the capacitor or other devices under test during a measurement. Injury to persons can occur.

1. Set the function switch to the position.
2. Use the button to select the capacitance measurement. The F (Farad) unit of measure will appear.
3. Insert the black probe lead into the negative COM terminal and the red probe lead into the positive terminal. Refer to Fig. 9-8 below.
4. Touch the tips of the probe across the part under test.
5. Read the capacitance value on the display.
6. For MAX-MIN operation, refer to Section 9.5, MAX-MIN Mode.

**Note:** For very large capacitance values, it may take several minutes for the measurement to settle and the final reading to stabilize.

![Fig. 9-8 Capacitance Measurements](image-url)
10. Bluetooth® Communication

When connected to a remote device running the FLIR Tools software suite, the CM275 (using the METERLiNK® protocol) can:
- Send readings for live display on the remote device
- Send saved data log files to the remote device
- Send saved screen images (thermal and DMM) to the remote device

When connected to a remote FLIR camera that supports Bluetooth® BLE (Bluetooth® Low Energy), the CM275 can:
- Send meter readings for live display on the camera screen

Download the FLIR Tools software suite at the link below:


1. Any Bluetooth® BLE device running FLIR Tools can find and connect to the CM275.
2. When successful communication between the meter and a remote device or FLIR camera is established, the Bluetooth® icon appears on the meter display.
3. Open the main menu (by pressing OK) and use the Gallery mode to locate the stored images and data log sets. You can transmit Images and data log sets directly from the Gallery mode. For further information, refer to Section 6.2.3, Gallery mode and Section 9.7, Datalogger.
4. Refer to the FLIR Tools help utility (in the software suite) for detailed information and tutorials regarding the FLIR Tools application.

Note: The Bluetooth® utility defaults to ON but can be disabled if desired in the General Settings menu (see Section 7, General Settings).
11. Appendices

11.1 Emissivity Factors for Common Materials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material</th>
<th>Emissivity</th>
<th>Material</th>
<th>Emissivity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asphalt</td>
<td>0.90 to 0.98</td>
<td>Cloth (black)</td>
<td>0.98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Concrete</td>
<td>0.94</td>
<td>Skin (human)</td>
<td>0.98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cement</td>
<td>0.96</td>
<td>Leather</td>
<td>0.75 to 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sand</td>
<td>0.90</td>
<td>Charcoal (powder)</td>
<td>0.96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soil</td>
<td>0.92 to 0.96</td>
<td>Lacquer</td>
<td>0.80 to 0.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water</td>
<td>0.92 to 0.96</td>
<td>Lacquer (matt)</td>
<td>0.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ice</td>
<td>0.96 to 0.98</td>
<td>Rubber (black)</td>
<td>0.94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Snow</td>
<td>0.83</td>
<td>Plastic</td>
<td>0.85 to 0.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Glass</td>
<td>0.90 to 0.95</td>
<td>Timber</td>
<td>0.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ceramic</td>
<td>0.90 to 0.94</td>
<td>Paper</td>
<td>0.70 to 0.94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marble</td>
<td>0.94</td>
<td>Chromium Oxides</td>
<td>0.81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plaster</td>
<td>0.80 to 0.90</td>
<td>Copper Oxides</td>
<td>0.78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mortar</td>
<td>0.89 to 0.91</td>
<td>Iron Oxides</td>
<td>0.78 to 0.82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brick</td>
<td>0.93 to 0.96</td>
<td>Textiles</td>
<td>0.90</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

11.2 Non-Uniformity Correction

A non-uniformity correction (or NUC) is an image correction carried out by the camera software to compensate for different sensitivities of detector elements and other optical and geometrical disturbances\(^1\).

The NUC is an automatic function that takes place periodically (approximately every 2-3 minutes) or whenever the inner core of the camera detects a ±2°C temperature change.

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\(^1\) Definition from the imminent international adoption of DIN 54190-3 (Non-destructive testing – Thermographic testing – Part 3: Terms and definitions).
11.3 Infrared Energy and Thermal Imaging Overview

A thermal imager generates an image based on temperature differences. In a thermal image, the hottest item in the scene appears as white and the coldest item as black. All other items are represented as a gray scale value between white and black. The CM275 also offers color images to simulate hot (lighter colors) and cold (darker colors) temperatures.

It may take some time to get used to the thermal imagery. Having a basic understanding of the differences between thermal and daylight cameras can help with getting the best performance from the CM275.

One difference between thermal and daylight cameras has to do with where the energy comes from to create an image. When viewing an image with an ordinary camera, there has to be some source of visible light (something hot, such as the sun or other lighting) that reflects off the objects in the scene to the camera. The same is true with human eyesight; the vast majority of what people see is based on reflected light energy. On the other hand, the thermal imager detects energy that is directly radiated from objects in the scene.

This is why hot objects such as parts on engines and exhaust pipes appear white, while the sky, puddles of water and other cold objects appear dark (or cool). Scenes with familiar objects will be easy to interpret with some experience.

Infrared energy is part of a complete range of radiation called the electromagnetic spectrum. The electromagnetic spectrum includes gamma rays, X-rays, ultraviolet, visible, infrared, microwaves (RADAR), and radio waves. The only difference is their wavelength or frequency. All of these forms of radiation travel at the speed of light. Infrared radiation lies between the visible and RADAR portions of the electromagnetic spectrum.

The primary source of infrared radiation is heat or thermal radiation. Any object that has a temperature radiates in the infrared portion of the electromagnetic spectrum. Even objects that are very cold, such as an ice cube, emit infrared. When an object is not quite hot enough to radiate visible light, it will emit most of its energy in the infrared. For example, hot charcoal may not give off light, but it does emit infrared radiation, which we feel as heat. The warmer the object, the more infrared radiation it emits.

Infrared imaging devices produce an image of invisible infrared or “heat” radiation that is unseen by the human eye. There are no colors or “shades” of gray in infrared, only varying intensities of radiated energy. The infrared imager converts this energy into an image that we can interpret.

The FLIR Infrared Training center offers training (including online training) and certification in all aspects of thermography: http://www.infraredtraining.com/.
12. Maintenance

12.1 Cleaning and Storage
Wipe the housing with a damp cloth as needed. Use a high-quality lens wipe to remove dirt or smudges from the meter lenses and display window. Please do not use abrasives or solvents to clean the meter housing, lenses, or display window.

If the meter is not to be used for an extended period, remove the batteries and store them separately.

12.2 Battery Replacement
The Battery symbol flashes with no ‘bars’ when the batteries have reached a critical level. The meter displays readings within specifications while the low battery indicator is on. The meter powers off before it displays an out of tolerance reading.

**WARNING:** To avoid electrical shock, disconnect the meter from any connected circuits, remove the test leads from the meter terminals, and set the function switch to the OFF position before attempting to replace the batteries.

1. Unscrew and remove the battery compartment cover.
2. Replace the three (3) standard AA batteries, observing correct polarity.
3. If using the Model TA04 rechargeable lithium polymer battery system, please recharge the rechargeable battery.
4. Secure the battery compartment cover.

12.3 Disposal of Electronic Waste
As with most electronic products, this equipment must be disposed of in an environmentally friendly way, and in accordance with existing regulations for electronic waste. Please contact your FLIR Systems representative for more details.
13. Specifications

13.1 General specifications

Display count: 0~6000
Measuring rate: 3 times per second
Over-range indication: OL or –OL
Auto power off: Programmable: OFF, 1, 2, 5, or 10 (default) minutes
Low battery indicators: and low battery information screens appear
Power requirement: 3 × 1.5 V ‘AA’ alkaline/lithium batteries or TA04 rechargeable battery
Approximate battery life for thermal imager:
  - 2.5 hours: Alkaline ‘AA’ Battery x 3
  - 12 hours: Energizer L91 Lithium (Li/FeS₂) ‘AA’ Battery x 3
  - 12 hours: Optional Rechargeable Battery: Li-Polymer; FLIR PN: TA04-KIT
Calibration: 1-year calibration cycle
Operating temperature:
  - 32 to 86°F (0 to 30°C) (≤ 80% RH)
  - 86 to 104°F (30 to 40°C) (≤ 75% RH)
  - 104 to 122°F (40 to 50°C) (≤ 45%RH)
Storage temperature: 4 to 140°F (-20 to 60°C)
Relative Humidity: 0~80% RH (batteries not installed)
Temperature coefficient: 0.2 × (specified accuracy)/°C, <64.4°F (18°C), >82.4°F (28°C)
Operating altitude: 6562’ (2000m)
Jaw opening: 1.38in (35mm)
Pollution degree: 2
IP Rating: IP40
Dimensions: (D × W × L): 1.91 × 3.82 × 10.04 in (48.5 × 97 × 255 mm)
Weight: 16.2 oz (460g) without batteries
Agency Approvals: UL, CE, RCM

Over-voltage category: EN 61010-1 CAT IV-600 V, CAT III-1000 V, EN 61010-2-032

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAT</th>
<th>Application field</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>III</td>
<td>Distribution circuits, machinery, main switching devices close to switchgears, industrial installations and high current close to distribution circuits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IV</td>
<td>Installation sources, utility transformers, all outside conductors, counters, protective devices on primary sides and electricity meters</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## 13.2 Thermal Imaging Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Detector type</td>
<td>FLIR Lepton®; Micro-bolometer Focal Plane Array (FPA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermal Sensitivity</td>
<td>150mK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IR Imaging resolution</td>
<td>160 x 120 pixels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IR Imaging field of view</td>
<td>44° x 57° (vertical x horizontal)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IR Imaging spectral response</td>
<td>8 to 14μm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IR Image Capture Frequency</td>
<td>9Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IR Image Color Palettes</td>
<td>Programmable: Iron, Rainbow, and Gray scale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shutter</td>
<td>Integrated, automatic shutter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stored thermal image radiometry</td>
<td>Fully radiometric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laser Pointer</td>
<td>Class I (red)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IR Temperature Measurement range</td>
<td>+14°F ~ +302°F (-10°C ~ +150°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over- and under- range indication</td>
<td>OL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature reading stabilization</td>
<td>Dashes display while temperature reading stabilizes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IR Temperature Resolution</td>
<td>0.1°F (0.1°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IR Temperature Accuracy</td>
<td>±5.4°F (3°C) or ± 3% of reading; whichever is greater</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distance to Spot (D:S) ratio</td>
<td>30:1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature Scanning</td>
<td>Continuous</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emissivity</td>
<td>4 presets plus a custom setting (0.10 to 0.99)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Targeting</td>
<td>Displayed Cross hairs pinpoint center of measurement spot</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
13.3 Electrical Specifications
Accuracy is ± (% reading + number of digits (dgt)) at 73.4 °F ±9 °F (23°C ±5 °C), <80% RH.

Table 13.1 Voltage (TRMS)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Accuracy (of reading)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DCV</td>
<td>60.00V</td>
<td>± (1.0% + 5 dgt)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>600.0V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1000 V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACV</td>
<td>60.00 V</td>
<td>± (1.0% + 5 dgt)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>600.0 V</td>
<td>45~400 Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1000 V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACV VFD</td>
<td>60.00 V</td>
<td>± (1% + 5 dgt) 45~65 Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>600.0 V</td>
<td>± (5% + 5 dgt) 65~400 Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1000 V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lo Z (Low Impedance)</td>
<td>Range, resolution, and accuracy specifications for Low Impedance (Lo Z) measurements are the same as DCV, ACV, and VFD specifications shown above</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
* LCD Displays ‘0’ counts when the AC reading is <10 counts
* Overload protection: 1000V (rms)
* Input impedance: 10 MΩ //, <100 pF
* Lo Z input impedance: 2.5kΩ
* AC conversion type: AC coupled, true RMS responding, calibrated to the RMS value of a sine wave input. Accuracies are given for sine waves at full scale and non-sine waves below half scale.
* If the meter measures a 4000-count signal and the Crest Factor of the signal is more then 3.0, the reading may not meet specified tolerances. For non-sine waves (50/60 Hz), add the following Crest Factor corrections:
  * For a crest factor of 1.0–2.0, add 3.0% to the accuracy.
  * For a crest factor of 2.0–2.5, add 5.0% to the accuracy.
  * For a crest factor of 2.5–3.0, add 7.0% to the accuracy.
Table 13.2 Current (TRMS)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Accuracy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DCA</td>
<td>60.00 A</td>
<td>±(2% + 5 dgt)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>600.0 A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACA</td>
<td>60.00 A</td>
<td>± (2% + 5dgt) 45 ~ 400Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>600.0 A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACA VFD</td>
<td>60.00 A</td>
<td>± (2% + 5 dgt) 45~65Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>± (6% + 5 dgt) 65~400Hz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
Display reads ‘0’ when AC measurement < 10 counts
Overload protection: 600A (rms)
Position Error: ±1% of reading.
AC Conversion Type and additional accuracy is same as AC Voltage.
DCA affected by the temperature and residual magnetism; use DCA Zero function to compensate.
If the meter measures a 4000-count signal and the Crest Factor of the signal is more than 3.0, the reading may not meet specified tolerances. For non-sine waves (50/60 Hz), add the following Crest Factor corrections:
For non-sine waves (50/60 Hz), add the following crest factor corrections:
For a crest factor of 1.0–2.0, add 3.0% to the accuracy.
For a crest factor of 2.0–2.5, add 5.0% to the accuracy.
For a crest factor of 2.5–3.0, add 7.0% to the accuracy.

Table 13.3 Frequency (ACA and ACV)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Accuracy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Frequency</td>
<td>10.0~600.0 Hz</td>
<td>± (0.1% + 2 dgt)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6.000 kHz</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>60.00 kHz</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
Overload protection: 1000V (rms) and 600 A (rms)

Trigger Sensitivity:
ACV function:
> 6V (rms) at 60.00V range for 10Hz ~ 1kHz
> 60V (rms) at 600.0V range for 10Hz ~ 1kHz
> 600V (rms) at 1000V range for 10Hz ~ 1kHz
Hz function at ACV rotary switch:
> 6V (rms) for 10Hz ~ 10kHz
> 30V (rms) for 10kHz ~ 60kHz
ACA function:
> 6A (rms) at 60.00A range for 10Hz ~ 1kHz
> 60A (rms) at 600.0A range for 10Hz ~ 1kHz

Hz function at ACA rotary switch:
> 6A (rms) for 10Hz ~ 10kHz

### Table 13.4 Inrush current

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Accuracy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACA Inrush</td>
<td>60.00 A</td>
<td>±(3% + 0.3 A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>600.0 A</td>
<td>±(3% + 5 dgt)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Inrush current detection threshold: 0.5A for 60A range and 5.0A for 600.0A range
Overload protection: 1000 V (rms), 600 A (rms).
Integration time is 100 ms.

### Table 13.5 Resistance, Continuity, and Diode

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Accuracy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Resistance</td>
<td>600.0 Ω</td>
<td>±(1.0% + 5 dgt)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6.000 KΩ</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuity</td>
<td>600.0 Ω</td>
<td>±(1.0% + 5 dgt)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diode</td>
<td>1.5V</td>
<td>±(1.5% + 5 dgt)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Overload protection: 1000 V (rms).
Maximum test current: Approx. 0.1 mA.
Maximum open circuit voltage for Ω: Approx. 1.8 V.
Maximum open circuit voltage for diode: Approx. 1.8 V.
Continuity threshold:
< 30 Ω beeper on.
> 150 Ω beeper off.

Continuity indicator: 2.7 kHz tone buzzer.
Continuity response time: <100 ms.
### Table 13.6 Capacitance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Accuracy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Capacitance</td>
<td>1 μF to 1000 μF</td>
<td>±(1.0% + 4 dgt)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Overload protection: 1000 V (rms).*

### Table 13.7 Flex Clamp Adaptor Function

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Accuracy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flex (ACA)</td>
<td>30.00 A</td>
<td>±(1% + 5 dgt) 45 ~ 400Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>300.0 A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3000 A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*LCD displays ‘0’ counts when the reading is < 10 counts*

*Additional accuracy for the Flex function is listed in the FLIR clamp adaptor User Manuals (Models TA72_TA74).*

### Table 13.8 Flex Clamp Adaptor Function (Frequency)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Accuracy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Frequency (Flex)</td>
<td>600.0 Hz</td>
<td>±(0.1% + 2 dgt)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6.000 kHz</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10.00 kHz</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Sensitivity:*

*Flex function:*

> 3A (rms) at 30.00A range for 10Hz ~ 1kHz
> 30A (rms) at 300.0A range for 10Hz ~ 1kHz
> 300A (rms) at 3000A range for 10Hz ~ 1kHz

*Hz function at Flex rotary switch:*

> 3A (rms) for 10Hz ~ 10kHz
> 6A (rms) for 10kHz ~ 60kHz

### Work Lights

- Color Temperature: 4000-5000°K
- Beam Angle: ± 20°
- Light Output: 70 lumens, minimum
- Power: 0.5 Watt RMS
## 14. Technical Support

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Technical Support Website</th>
<th><a href="https://support.flir.com">https://support.flir.com</a></th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

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[Technical Support Website](https://support.flir.com)
15. Warranty

15.1 FLIR Limited 10-year Warranty

This product is protected by FLIR’s Limited 10-Year Warranty. Visit https://support.flir.com/prodreg to read the Limited 10-Year Warranty document.